AUDIT REPORT OF CHERRY COUNTY COURT

JULY 1, 2005 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2007

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Issued on October 2, 2007

CHERRY COUNTY COURT

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CHERRY COUNTY COURT

COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

During our audit of Cherry County Court, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting that is presented here. The comment and recommendation is intended to improve the internal control over financial reporting in the following area:

Segregation of Duties

Good internal control includes a plan of organization, procedures, and records designed to safeguard assets and provide reliable financial records. A system of internal control should include proper segregation of duties so no one individual is capable of handling all phases of a transaction from beginning to end.

We noted the office of the County Court had a lack of segregation of duties, as one person was capable of handling all aspects of processing transactions from beginning to end. A lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of possible errors or irregularities; however, due to a limited number of personnel, an adequate segregation of duties is not possible without additional cost. Further, personnel are under the direction of both the Nebraska State Court Administrator and the Presiding Judge.

We have noted this comment in previous audits.

We recommend the County Court and the Nebraska State Court Administrator review this situation. As always, the cost of hiring additional personnel versus the benefit of a proper segregation of duties must be weighed.

It should be noted this report is critical in nature as it contains only our comment and recommendation on the area noted for improvement and does not include our observations on any accounting strengths of the County Court.

Draft copies of this report were furnished to the County Court to provide them an opportunity to review the report and to respond to the comment and recommendation included in this report. The County Court declined to respond.

We appreciate the cooperation and courtesy extended to our auditors during the course of the audit.



NEBRASKA AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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CHERRY COUNTY COURT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Ms. Janice Walker, State Court Administrator Nebraska Supreme Court State Capitol, Room 1220 Lincoln, Nebraska 68509

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Cherry County Court as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2006, as listed in the Table of Contents. The financial statements are the responsibility of the County Court's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

Also, as discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the County Court's Agency Funds activity and does not purport to, and does not, present fairly the assets, liabilities, and results of operations of Cherry County Court for the years then ended in conformity with the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets and liabilities arising from cash transactions of the Agency Funds of Cherry County Court as of June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2006, and the related activity for the fiscal years then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 25, 2007, on our consideration of Cherry County Court's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

September 25, 2007

Assistant Deputy Auditor

CHERRY COUNTY COURT VALENTINE, NEBRASKA

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS AGENCY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Balance July 1, 2006 Additions		Additions	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2007		
ASSETS								
Cash and Deposits	\$	34,908	\$	445,182	\$	422,641	\$	57,449
LIABILITIES								
Due to State Treasurer:								
Regular Fees	\$	4,101	\$	44,696	\$	43,867	\$	4,930
Law Enforcement Fees		597		4,362		4,594		365
State Judges Retirement Fund		1,592		14,160		14,322		1,430
Court Administrative Fees		2,106		21,750		21,586		2,270
Legal Services Fees		1,726		15,575		15,582		1,719
Due to County Treasurer:								
Regular Fines		15,155		125,078		127,977		12,256
Overload Fines		-		1,225		1,225		-
Regular Fees		784		5,516		5,240		1,060
Due to Municipalities:								
Regular Fines		1		786		726		61
Regular Fees		-		1,194		954		240
Trust Fund Payable		8,846		210,840		186,568		33,118
Total Liabilities	\$	34,908	\$	445,182	\$	422,641	\$	57,449

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CHERRY COUNTY COURT VALENTINE, NEBRASKA

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS AGENCY FUNDS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Balance July 1, 2005		Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2006	
ASSETS								
Cash and Deposits	\$	46,957	\$	315,080	\$	327,129	\$	34,908
LIABILITIES								
Due to State Treasurer:								
Regular Fees	\$	6,063	\$	46,604	\$	48,566	\$	4,101
Law Enforcement Fees		520		5,318		5,241		597
State Judges Retirement Fund		1,052		14,752		14,212		1,592
Court Administrative Fees		1,830		20,176		19,900		2,106
Legal Services Fees		1,314		15,656		15,244		1,726
Due to County Treasurer:								
Regular Fines		13,035		131,592		129,472		15,155
Overload Fines		150		75		225		-
Regular Fees		428		5,295		4,939		784
Due to Municipalities:								
Regular Fines		25		143		167		1
Regular Fees		33		284		317		-
Trust Fund Payable		22,507		75,185		88,846		8,846
Total Liabilities	\$	46,957	\$	315,080	\$	327,129	\$	34,908

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CHERRY COUNTY COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2006

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The Cherry County Court is established by State Statute and is administratively operated through the Court Administrator's Office of the Nebraska Supreme Court, which is part of the State of Nebraska reporting entity. The Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions of the County Court reflect only the Agency Funds activity of the County Court; the receipts, and their subsequent disbursement to the appropriate entities for which they were collected. The financial statements do not reflect the personal services expenses of the County Court, which are paid by the Nebraska Supreme Court, or the operating expenses, which are paid by Cherry County.

B. Basis of Accounting

The accounting records of the County Court Agency Funds are maintained, and the Statements of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions have been prepared, on the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, fines, fees, and receipts relating to trust funds are shown as additions to assets and as an increase in the related liability when received. Likewise, disbursements are shown as deductions to assets and a decrease in the related liability when a check is written. This differs from Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) which requires the accrual basis of accounting. Under GAAP, Agency Funds would be reported in the Statement of Net Assets. Agency Funds are not reported in the Statement of Changes of Fiduciary Net Assets. Agency Funds are used to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity. Agency Funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Funds held by the County Court are deposited and invested in accordance with rules issued by the Supreme Court as directed by Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 25-2713 R.R.S. 1995. Funds are generally consolidated in an interest-bearing checking account; however, the County Court may order certain trust funds to be invested separately. Any deposits in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation are required by Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 77-2326.04 R.R.S. 2003 to be secured either by a surety bond or as provided in the Public Funds Deposit Security Act.

CHERRY COUNTY COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

2. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Concluded)

The carrying amounts and bank balances of total deposits, consisted of a checking account, were as follows:

		Total							
	Cash	Cash and Deposit				Deposit			
	Carry	Carrying Amount		Cash Amount		Carrying Amount		Bank Balance	
		_				_			
June 30, 2007	\$	57,449	\$	40	\$	57,409	\$	57,077	
June 30, 2006	\$	34,908	\$	40	\$	34,868	\$	34,625	

These funds were entirely covered by federal depository insurance.



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CHERRY COUNTY COURT REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Ms. Janice Walker, State Court Administrator Nebraska Supreme Court State Capitol, Room 1220 Lincoln, Nebraska 68509

We have audited the financial statements of Cherry County Court as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007, and June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated September 25, 2007. The report was modified to emphasize that the financial statements present only the Agency Funds of Cherry County Court prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Cherry County Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County Court's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the following deficiency described in the Comments Section of the report to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting: Segregation of Duties.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County Court's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Cherry County Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts; however, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County Court's written response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the Comments Section of the report. We did not audit the County Court's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Supreme Court, others within the Court, and the appropriate Federal and regulatory agencies; however, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

September 25, 2007

Assistant Deputy Auditor